Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Date of issue: 08/01/2014 Revision date: 08/01/2014 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Product name : Brake Parts Cleaner

Product code : BPC-20A

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Aerosol cleaner.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Justice Brothers, Inc. 2734 Huntington Drive Duarte, CA - USA 91010 T (626) 359-9174 (M-F, 8am-5pm)

1 (020) 333 3174 (W1, 0am 3pm)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 24 hr

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flammable Aerosols 1
Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied gas
Acute Toxicity 4 (Oral)
Acute Toxicity 4 (Dermal)
Skin Irritaton 2
Serious Eye Irritaton 2A
Carcinogenicity 2
Reproductive Toxicity 2 (developmental)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure 1
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure 3
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 2

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)









Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : Extrem

: Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Harmful if swallowed and in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to eyes. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. -No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Rinse mouth. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

1 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Acetone	(CAS No) 67-64-1	30 - 60	Flam. Liq. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3
Petroleum Solvent	(CAS No) 64742-96-7	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 Asp. Tox. 1
Toluene	(CAS No) 108-88-3	3-7	Flam. Liq. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Repr. 2, STOT SE 3 STOT RE 2
Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear	(CAS No) 426260-76-6	3-7	Flam. Liq. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Asp. Tox. 1
Methanol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 2 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation) Eye Irrit. 2B STOT SE 1
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation) Skin Irrit. 2
n-Heptane	(CAS No) 142-82-5	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Asp. Tox. 1

^{*} The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation :

: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult,

give oxygen. Get immediate medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Call a physician if irritation develops and persists.

First-aid measures after eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to

do, remove contact lenses, if worn. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptoms may not appear immediately. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible)

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Treat for surrounding material.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides

of carbon. Formaldehyde.

Explosion hazard : Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns

and injuries.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water.

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory

protection (SCBA). Vapors may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant

ignition source and flash back.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to

unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Eliminate sources of ignition. Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand,

vermiculite), then place in a suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways.

Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Scoop up material and place in a disposal container. Vapours may be heavier than air and may

travel along the ground to a distant ignition source and flash back. Provide ventilation.

6.3. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for further information on protective clothing and equipment and section 13 for advice on waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from sources of ignition. - No smoking. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do

not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not swallow. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or

burn, even after use.

Hygiene measures : Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Do not expose ot temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F. Store

away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.

: Store in a well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Not available.

Storage area

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Acetone (67-64-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	500 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	750 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm

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Petroleum Solvent (64742-96-7)

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Petroleum Solvent (64/42-96	<i>)-1)</i>		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA		Not applicable.
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA)	Not applicable.
Toluene (108-88-3)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm	n)	20 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceilir	ng) (ppm)	300 ppm
Heptane, branched, cyclic ar	nd linear (426260-7	76-6)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	•	Not applicable.
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA)	Not applicable.
Methanol (67-56-1)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm	n)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppr	m)	250 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(1330-20-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm	n)	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppr	m)	150 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)		100 ppm
n-Heptane (142-82-5)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm	n)	400 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppr	m)	500 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2000 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
3.2. Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	3 :	Use ventilation adequate to keep experecommended exposure limits.	osures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below
land protection	:	: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.	
Eye protection	:	: Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact.	
Skin and body protection	:	Wear suitable protective clothing, including appropriate boots, boot covers, overshoes, etc., as may be appropriate to prevent contact.	
Respiratory protection	:	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	
Environmental exposure controls			

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Other information

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas/Pressurized liquid.

practices.

Appearance : Clear.
Colour : Colourless.
Odour : Mild alcohol.
Odour threshold : No data available.
pH : No data available.

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Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully

before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety

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Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available. : No data available. Melting point Freezing point : No data available. Boiling point : > 54.4 °C (> 130 °F) : 6.1 °C (43 °F) Flash point Self ignition temperature : No data available. Decomposition temperature : No data available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Flammable. Vapour pressure : No data available. Relative vapour density at 20 °C No data available. Relative density : 0.8 g/cm³

Solubility : No data available. Log Pow : No data available. Log Kow : No data available. 273.71 mm²/s Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic : No data available. Explosive properties : No data available. Oxidising properties : No data available. Explosive limits : No data available.

9.2. Other information

Flame projection = 23"; Heat of combustion = 14624 BTU

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage conditions. Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Container may explode if heated. Do not puncture. Do not burn.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Incompatible materials. Sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Formaldehyde.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Harmful if swallowed and in contact with skin.

Brake Parts Cleaner	
LD50 oral rat	> 300 but ≤ 2000 mg/kg (Calculated using ATE values)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 1000 but ≤ 2000 mg/kg (Calculated using ATE values)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 5 mg/l/4h

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	50100 mg/m³/8h

Petroleum Solvent (64742-96-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 5.28 mg/l/4h

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No additional information available

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Toluene (108-88-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	8390 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	28.1 mg/l/4h
Methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5628 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	15800 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	83.2 mg/l/4h
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	4300 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 1700 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	47635 mg/l/4h
n-Heptane (142-82-5)	
LD50 oral mouse	5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	3000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	103 g/m³/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.
Toluene (108-88-3)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to eyes. Inhalation, ingestion or skin absorption of methanol can cause significant disturbances in vision, including blindness.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	. Decades a smileble date the electrical sites in a site size on the state of
	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty
, ,	 May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced
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Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	 : May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. : Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. : Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress,
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	 : May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. : Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. : Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress,
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion SECTION 12: Ecological information	 : May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. : Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. : Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress,
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general	 May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general 12.2. Persistence and degradability	 May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general 12.2. Persistence and degradability Brake Parts Cleaner	 May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general 12.2. Persistence and degradability Brake Parts Cleaner Persistence and degradability	 May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general 12.2. Persistence and degradability Brake Parts Cleaner Persistence and degradability 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	 May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general 12.2. Persistence and degradability Brake Parts Cleaner Persistence and degradability 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Brake Parts Cleaner	 May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Not established.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general 12.2. Persistence and degradability Brake Parts Cleaner Persistence and degradability 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	 May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause narcosis with headache, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Other symptoms are similar to those experienced through inhalation and ingestion. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

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12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : No additional information available

Effect on the global warming : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

: 2.1

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : This material must be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and federal

regulations. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Additional information : Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Do not incinerate empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT) : 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

DOT Proper Shipping Name : Aerosols, flammable

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

Hazard labels (DOT) :



14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Acetone	(67-64-1)
Acetone	(U/-U - -I)

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.

Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 %

Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 %

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 %

n-Heptane (142-82-5)

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag

T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.

15.2. US State regulations

No additional information available.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes: None.Date of issue: 08/01/2014Other information: None.

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NFPA fire hazard

NFPA reactivity

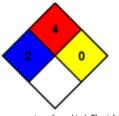
according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air

and will burn readily.

 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



Disclaimer: We believe the statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are reliable, but they are given without warranty or guarantee of any kind. The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for the user's own particular use.

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